from the silhouette quarry

for bassoon and violin

by Zach SHEETS

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by Zach Sheets (2017)

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duration: ca. 121

written for Ben Roidl-Ward and William Overcash with thanks to generous support from the Sviatoslav Richter Fund for New Music

Performance notes:

The following quarter tone symbols are used in this piece, arranged here from lowest to highest:



Any repeat sign that has the number of repetitions listed as a range (e.g. 3-6x or 2-3x) indicates a loop that may be performed a variable number of times. The number of repetitions should be determined by the players, and ideally should be decided "on the spot", not predetermined. The conclusion of a loop is signaled by a change in the pattern, which is highlighted in a player's part by a downwards arrow. In other words, by performing the event indicated with the arrow, the player has signaled that both players should now be in the measure following the repeat.

The number of repetitions indicates the *total* number of times the loop should be played, i.e. "3-4x" means to play a figure and then repeat it 2 or 3 more times before playing the subsequent bar.

Bassoon

A catalogue of multiphonics with fingerings and approximate pitches are listed on the following page.

In bar 80, notehead-less stems indicate "soft-tongue" attacks, flicking the tongue on and off the reed without stopping the air.

Diamond noteheads are used in certain instances to provide easy-to-read shorthand tablature for complex altered fingerings. In bars 104-110, for example, the bassoonist is to finger the written diamond pitches while maintaining the indicated alteration (e.g. "+C# key"). In mm. 146 and following, the diamond noteheads show timbral alterations to the multiphonic that are performed with the left thumb keys.

Violin

"Slow bow" indicates to use ordinary bow pressure but a slow bow speed. This technique should still produce clear pitches but has a coarse, noisier quality.

A black triangle graphic indicates overpressure with the bow, producing a saturated or "scratch" tone. This graphic is often used in tandem with the "slow bow" indication. The sound should transition from ord. to saturated sound according to the contour of the height of the triangle:

TABLE OF MULTIPHONICS

The following table is a comprehensive list of multiphonics used by the bassoonist in this piece. They are printed in the chronological order in which they appear in the piece. Some multiphonics are approached from a single pitch; such examples also list the "slurred-from" pitch in parentheses.

For clarity, this table contains both fingering diagrams and alphanumeric representations. To save space, however, only alphanumeric diagrams are used in the score. Pitches will naturally be approximate and resulting effects will vary from player to player and reed to reed; however, the player should endeavor to achieve these pitches, especially if scored in unison with the violin.

indicates a cluster of indefinite pitches, and thus also suggests general tendencies about a multiphonic's timbre.



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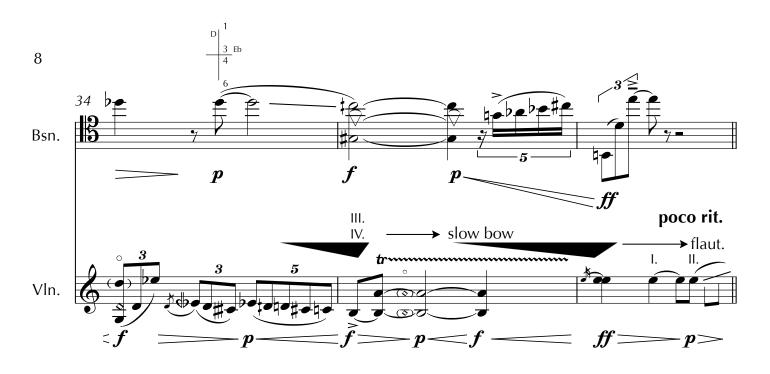
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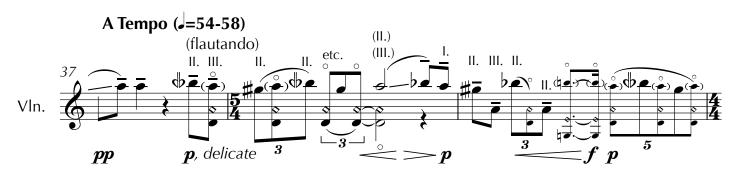
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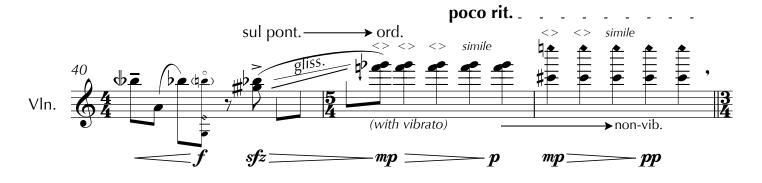


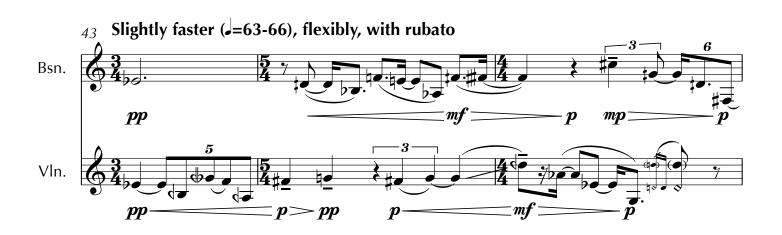






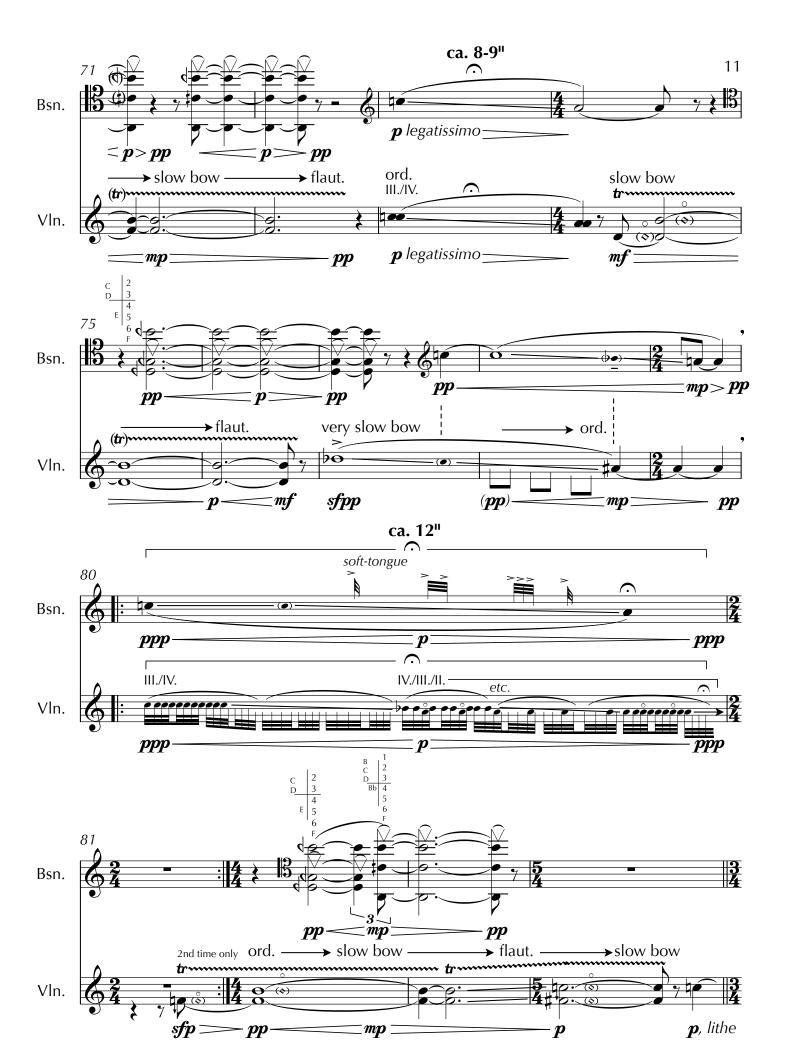
















***Change in pattern highlighted by arrow indicates arrival at bar 100. See performance notes.



